## House Resolution 3 - Introduced

# HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 3 COMMITTEE ON ADMINISTRATION AND RULES (SUCCESSOR TO HSB 31)

- 1 A Resolution relating to permanent rules of the House
- 2 of Representatives for the Ninetieth General
- 3 Assembly.

BY

- 4 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, That
- 5 the permanent rules of the House for the Eighty-ninth
- 6 Ninetieth General Assembly be as follows:
- 7 DIVISION I GENERAL RULES
- 8 Rule 1
- 9 Call to Order and Order of Business
- 10 The speaker shall take the chair at the hour to
- 11 which the house has adjourned, and shall immediately
- 12 call the house to order, correct the journal of the
- 13 previous day's proceedings, and proceed to other
- 14 business, including, but not limited to, introduction
- 15 of bills, reports, messages, communications, business
- 16 pending at adjournment, announcements, resolutions
- 17 and bills on their passage, and points of personal
- 18 privilege.
- 19 Rule 2
- 20 Quorum Call and Time of Convening
- 21 The house shall convene each Monday at 1:00 p.m.
- 22 and at 8:30 a.m. on all other legislative days, unless
- 23 otherwise ordered. The time of convening shall be
- 24 recorded in the journal. The house shall not convene
- 25 on Sunday during a regular or special session.
- 26 The speaker or a member may request a roll call to
- 27 determine if a quorum is present.

1	Rule 3
2	Absences from the House
3	No member shall be absent without leave while the
4	house is in session unless excused for good cause.
5	Rule 4
6	Preservation of Order
7	The speaker shall preserve order and decorum and
8	speak to points of order. Subject to an appeal to the
9	house by any member, the speaker shall decide questions
10	of order which shall not be debated.
11	While recognized to speak in debate, a member
12	shall not use any visual aids to explain to others the
13	member's points in the debate without leave of the
14	speaker.
15	The speaker may have the chamber of the house
16	cleared in case of any disturbance or disorderly
17	conduct.
18	Only past legislators, state officials, persons
19	whose presence is deemed by the speaker to be of
20	special significance to the house, and school classes
21	accompanied by teachers and seated in the galleries
22	shall be introduced in the house.
23	No person other than a member of the house shall be
24	allowed to speak from the floor of the house without
25	prior permission of the speaker.
26	The public may take photographs from the galleries
27	at any time. However, the use of any artificial
28	lighting is prohibited.
29	Members of the press may photograph from the press
30	box, but shall not use artificial lighting without

- 1 prior permission from the chief clerk of the house.
- 2 Photographs shall not be taken on the house floor when
- 3 the members are voting on a question put before the
- 4 house. Photographs or video recordings of the voting
- 5 boards shall not be taken while a nonrecord roll call
- 6 vote is displayed. Photographs may be taken on the
- 7 house floor at other times with the consent of the
- 8 subject or subjects of the photography.
- 9 Rule 4A
- 10 Use of Electronic Devices and Video Streaming in
- 11 Chamber
- 12 1. A person present in the house chamber while the
- 13 house is in order shall mute any cell phone, computer,
- 14 or other electronic device under the person's control.
- 15 The speaker may remove from the chamber any person
- 16 acting in violation of this rule.
- 17 2. A member shall not use a cell phone or other
- 18 electronic device to audibly transmit or receive
- 19 communications while recognized by the presiding
- 20 officer to speak in debate.
- 21 3. The speaker shall control the time, place,
- 22 and manner of use of the house's internet video
- 23 streaming system on the floor of the house and in the
- 24 visitors' galleries. However, the speaker shall not
- 25 edit, censor, or shut off the house's internet video
- 26 streaming system during debate on the floor of the
- 27 house.
- 28 Rule 5
- 29 Rules of Parliamentary Practice
- 30 The rules of parliamentary practice in Mason's

1 Manual of Legislative Procedure shall govern the house 2 in all cases where they are not inconsistent with the 3 standing rules of the house, joint rules of the house 4 and senate, or customary practice of the house. 5 Rule 5A 6 House Budget The speaker of the house shall annually prepare a 8 proposed budget for the house of representatives for 9 the payment of expenses, salaries, per diems, and other 10 items. The proposed budget shall be submitted on the 11 fourteenth day of each legislative session to the house 12 administration and rules committee, which shall approve 13 a proposed budget in house resolution form. 14 shall adopt a budget prior to adjournment. 15 Rule 6 16 The Speaker Pro Tempore 17 The house shall, at its pleasure, elect a speaker 18 pro tempore. When the speaker shall for any cause be 19 absent, the speaker pro tempore shall preside, except 20 when the chair is filled by appointment by either 21 the speaker or the speaker pro tempore. If a vacancy 22 occurs in the office of speaker, the speaker pro 23 tempore shall assume the duties and responsibilities 24 of the speaker until such time as the house shall elect 25 a new speaker. The speaker or the speaker pro tempore 26 shall have the right to name any member to perform the 27 duties of speaker, but such substitution shall not 28 extend beyond the adjournment. The acts of the speaker

29 pro tempore shall have the same validity as those of 30 the speaker. In the absence of both the speaker and

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1 the speaker pro tempore, the house shall name a speaker
 2 who shall preside over it and perform all the duties of
 3 the speaker with the exception of signing bills, until
 4 such time as the speaker or speaker pro tempore shall
 5 be present, and the person's acts shall have the same
 6 force and validity as those of the regularly elected
7 speaker.
 8
                            Rule 7
9
                           Reserved
10
                            Rule 8
                   Violation of House Rules
11
12
      The speaker shall, or any member may, call to order
13 a member who violates the rules of the house.
14 leave of the house, the member called to order may be
15 permitted to explain. If the case requires it, the
16 member shall be subject to censure of the house.
                            Rule 9
17
                 Referral of Rule Violations
18
19
      The speaker shall, upon complaint of a member,
20 or upon the speaker's own motion, refer any alleged
21 violation of house or joint rules by house members,
22 employees or staff to the house ethics committee upon
23 an initial finding that an investigation is warranted.
      The ethics committee shall investigate such
24
25 allegations and report them back to the house with a
26 recommendation.
27
                           Rule 10
28
              Recognition and Decorum in Debate
29
      A member who wishes to speak in debate shall be
30 appropriately attired, with male members wearing coat
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1 or tie. After recognition by the chair, a member
2 shall respectfully address the presiding officer
3 by saying "Mr. or Madam Speaker". A member shall
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- 4 confine all remarks to the question under debate,
- 5 shall be respectful of other members, and shall avoid
- 6 referencing or questioning the motives of another 7 member.
- 8 No member shall leave the house while the speaker
- 9 is putting a question. No one shall pass between the
- 10 speaker and a member who is speaking or two members who
- 11 have been recognized by the speaker.
- 12 Rule 11
- 13 Limit on Debate
- No member shall speak more than once on the same
- 15 question without leave of the speaker, nor more than
- 16 twice until every member choosing to speak has spoken,
- 17 except as provided in Rule 81. A member shall be
- 18 limited to ten minutes debate on bills, resolutions,
- 19 and amendments, but may be granted an extension of time
- 20 by consent of the house. However, the floor manager
- 21 of a bill or resolution may exceed the ten-minute limit
- 22 on opening and closing remarks. Only the floor manager
- 23 of a bill or an amendment may speak during opening and
- 24 closing remarks on the bill or amendment.
- 25 Rule 12
- 26 Reserved
- 27 Rule 13
- 28 Stating the Question
- When a motion is made, it shall be stated by the
- 30 speaker. A motion made in writing shall be passed to

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1 the speaker's station before it is debated.
 2
                           Rule 14
 3
                    Putting the Question
      Questions shall be distinctly put in this form:
 5 "All those in favor of (the question) shall say 'aye';"
 6 and after the affirmative voice is expressed, "All
7 those opposed to (the question) shall say `no'."
8 If the speaker is in doubt or a member of the house
9 requests, a nonrecord roll call vote shall be taken.
10
            DIVISION II - EMPLOYEES OF THE HOUSE
                           Rule 15
11
                   Chief Clerk of the House
12
13
      The chief clerk of the house shall serve as
14 parliamentarian and chief administrative officer of the
15 house under the direction of the speaker of the house.
16 The chief clerk shall supervise the chief clerk's
17 office; be responsible for the custody and safekeeping
18 of all bills, resolutions, and amendments filed,
19 except when they are in the custody of a committee;
20 have charge of the daily journal; have control of all
21 rooms assigned for the use of the house; attest to the
22 accuracy and correctness of text and action on bills
23 and resolutions; process the handling of amendments
24 when filed and during the floor consideration of bills;
25 insert adopted amendments into bills before transmittal
26 to the senate and prior to final enrollment; supervise
27 legislative printing and the distribution of printed
28 material; and perform all other duties pertaining to
29 the office of the chief clerk.
30
                           Rule 16
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1	Legislative and Session Days
2	For purposes of these rules, a legislative day is a
3	day when the house is called to order. A legislative
4	day that runs past midnight is not considered a new
5	legislative day. A session day is any calendar day
6	beginning with the convening of the annual regular
7	session and ending with adjournment sine die.
8	Rule 17
9	Sergeant-At-Arms
10	The sergeant-at-arms shall execute all orders of
11	the house and the presiding officer; perform all
12	assigned duties related to the policing and good order
13	of the house; supervise the entrance and exit of all
14	persons to and from the chamber; promptly execute all
15	messages, etc.; provide that the chamber is properly
16	ventilated and open for the use of the members; and
17	perform all other services pertaining to the office of
18	sergeant-at-arms.
19	Rule 18
20	Secretaries
21	Each member may hire a secretary for the legislative
22	session who shall be under the general direction of the
23	member and the chief clerk. Secretaries shall be on
24	duty at the house from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Monday
25	through Thursday and on other legislative days when
26	required by the chief clerk, except when excused by the
27	member for whom the secretary works. Secretaries shall
28	perform such duties as may be assigned to them by the
29	member or the chief clerk.
30	Rule 19

- 1 Extra Compensation of Employees No employee shall receive any extra compensation, 3 except as provided by the house, or tips for services 4 performed while on duty. Any violation of this rule 5 shall be grounds for removal. DIVISION III - VISITORS AND LOBBYISTS 7 Rule 20 8 Admission to the House; Lobbying The chamber of the house shall include the 10 vestibule, restrooms, bill room, lounge, visitors' 11 galleries, and floor of the house. 12 The floor of the house shall consist of the 13 area between the north and south walls, including 14 the representatives' desks, the press box, and the 15 speaker's station, but excluding the visitors' 16 galleries. During a legislative day while the house is in 17 18 order, no member of the general assembly or legislative 19 employee or intern shall be admitted to the floor of 20 the house if attired in jeans of any color without
- During a legislative day while the house is in
- 23 order, and one-half hour before the house convenes and
- 24 one-half hour after the house recesses or adjourns,
- 25 no person shall be admitted to the floor of the house
- 26 except:

21 leave of the speaker.

- 27 1. Members of the general assembly and authorized
- 28 legislative employees in the performance of their
- 29 duties.
- 30 2. Former members of the general assembly who are

- 1 not registered lobbyists.
- A general assembly member's family.
- Representatives of the press, radio, and
- 4 television who shall go directly to and from the press
- 5 box.
- 5. Legislative interns registered with the chief
- 7 clerk who shall go directly to and from the seat of
- 8 their assigned representative or to be seated in the
- 9 perimeter seating area.
- 10 6. Designated representatives of a political party
- 11 having members serving in the house.
- 12 7. Members of the state executive council, the
- 13 lieutenant governor, the attorney general, the
- 14 governor's executive assistants and administrative
- 15 assistants, and the administrative rules coordinator,
- 16 all of whom shall be confined to the perimeter area.
- 17 The current status of former members of the general
- 18 assembly shall govern their access to the floor under
- 19 these rules.
- No other persons shall be allowed on the house floor
- 21 while the house is in order without permission of the
- 22 presiding officer of the house. When the house is not
- 23 in order, quests of a member of the general assembly
- 24 escorted by that member shall be allowed on the house
- 25 floor.
- No person admitted to the floor of the house while
- 27 the house is in order, except members of the general
- 28 assembly, shall lobby or attempt to exercise any
- 29 influence with any member for or against any matter
- 30 then pending or that may thereafter be considered by

1 the house.

30 offices.

A registered lobbyist shall not be admitted to 3 the floor of the house on any legislative day except 4 for ceremonial purposes or for attendance at public 5 hearings. A lobbyist who represents the position of a state 7 government agency, in which the person serves or is 8 employed as the designated representative for purposes 9 of encouraging the passage or defeat of legislation, 10 shall file with the chief clerk of the house a 11 statement of the general subjects of legislation in 12 which the lobbyist is or may be interested, but shall 13 not lobby for or against a bill, resolution, or study 14 bill unless the lobbyist does so with the written 15 authorization and on behalf of a statewide elected 16 or retained official. The official's writing may 17 authorize the lobbyist to register and lobby for or 18 against any or all bills in which the lobbyist is 19 or may be interested or may restrict the lobbyist 20 to register and lobby for or against only some bills 21 in which the lobbyist is or may be interested. 22 written authorizations shall be filed with the chief 23 clerk, according to a procedure established by the 24 clerk for the filing of the authorizations and for 25 making them available to the public, by the following 26 statewide elected or retained official for the 27 following offices, departments, agencies, and branch: By the attorney general, auditor of state, secretary 28 29 of state, and treasurer of state, for their respective

- By the secretary of agriculture, for the department
- 2 of agriculture and land stewardship.
- 3 By the chairperson of the ethics and campaign
- 4 disclosure board, for the executive director, legal
- 5 counsel, and other employees of the board.
- 6 By the governor, for all other executive branch
- 7 offices and departments.
- 8 By the chief justice of the supreme court, for the
- 9 judicial branch.
- 10 Each member, employee of the house, and registered
- 11 lobbyist may report violations of this rule immediately
- 12 to the sergeant-at-arms or the chief clerk.
- 13 Any person for cause may be summarily dismissed
- 14 from the chamber of the house, by action of the house,
- 15 and may forfeit that person's right to admission
- 16 thereafter.
- 17 Rule 20A
- 18 Legislative Interns
- 19 A member may appoint one or more interns who shall
- 20 register with the chief clerk. Only one legislative
- 21 intern per member of the house is allowed on the floor
- 22 of the house at any one time.
- 23 Rule 21
- 24 Distribution of Literature and Other Items
- No person except a member or employee of the house
- 26 of representatives shall distribute or cause to be
- 27 distributed any pamphlets, material, or other printed
- 28 literature, or any other items to the members' desks
- 29 in the house without authorization. An employee
- 30 of the house shall generally distribute or cause

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1 to be distributed such literature or items only on
 2 behalf of the employee's office or staff. Items which
 3 are permissible gifts under chapter 68B of the Code
 4 may be distributed to the members' desks with the
 5 authorization of the chief clerk.
      All copies of pamphlets, material, or printed
7 literature distributed by a member or employee of the
8 house of representatives shall bear the name of the
9 member or employee's office or staff.
10
      Other distributions of pamphlets, material, or
11 other printed literature shall bear their source of
12 origin and be distributed through the legislative
13 post office or to the members' desks by completing
14 a form containing a member's or the chief clerk's
15 authorization, with the authorization form filed with
16 the chief clerk. The authorization form shall be
17 retained for a reasonable time period by the chief
18 clerk.
19
                           Rule 22
20
       Distribution of Materials Printed by the State
21
      A member of the house shall not distribute maps,
22 books, and pamphlets which have been printed by the
23 state of Iowa and upon which the name of the member
24 of the house has been affixed unless the member has
25 purchased the materials or unless the member has
26 affixed the words "Paid for by the citizens of Iowa and
27 distributed by representative (member's name)."
28 DIVISION IV - FORMS AND PROCEDURES FOR BILLS AND OTHER
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**DOCUMENTS** 

Rule 23

1 Documents Signed by the Speaker All acts and joint resolutions shall be signed by 3 the speaker, and all writs, warrants, and subpoenas 4 issued by order of the house, shall be signed by the 5 speaker and attested by the chief clerk. The speaker 6 shall cause certificates of recognition or condolence 7 to be issued by the house which shall be signed by 8 the speaker and the chief clerk. The chief clerk 9 shall maintain a list of certificates issued including 10 the name of the requesting member of the house, the 11 name of the recipient, the reason for recognition or 12 condolence, and the date of issuance. 13 Rule 24 Presentation of Petitions 14 All petitions, memorials, and other papers addressed 15 16 to the house shall be signed by the member and filed 17 with the chief clerk. The receipt of petitions shall 18 be noted in the journal and such petitions shall be 19 available in the office of the chief clerk. At the 20 conclusion of each general assembly, the chief clerk 21 may dispose of petitions received during that general 22 assembly. 23 Rule 25 24 Consideration of Simple and Concurrent Resolutions 25 Action on a simple or concurrent resolution, except 26 a memorial resolution, shall not be taken until one day 27 after the resolution has been placed on the members' 28 desks. After the resolution is adopted, the chief 29 clerk shall have the resolution printed in the compiled 30 journal and shall transmit certified copies of the

1 resolution as directed. Rule 26 3 Unanimous Consent Calendar The speaker may, upon the request of three members, 5 place on a unanimous consent calendar any house 6 resolution or concurrent resolution which does not 7 contain an appropriation and which has been laid over 8 under Rule 25. If such resolution is placed on the unanimous 10 consent calendar, it may be removed only upon a written 11 request submitted to the speaker by a member of the 12 house. 13 If not removed after five legislative days, the 14 chief clerk shall call up the resolution and without 15 debate the speaker shall pronounce that it has passed 16 by unanimous consent. If the resolution is removed from the unanimous 17 18 consent calendar, the speaker may again lay the 19 resolution over under Rule 25, place it on a different 20 calendar, or refer the resolution to any of the 21 standing committees of the house. 22 Rule 26A Senate Bills and Resolutions 23 24 A senate bill or resolution may be referred to a 25 standing committee or passed on file. 26 Rule 27 27 Forms of Bills and Joint Resolutions

Every house bill shall be introduced by one or more

29 members or by any standing or specially authorized 30 committee of the house or the administrative rules

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- 1 review committee. All bills and joint resolutions
- 2 introduced shall be prepared by the legislative
- 3 services agency with title, enacting clause, text
- 4 and explanation as directed by the chief clerk of the
- 5 house. One copy of each bill shall be presented in a
- 6 bill cover with the number of copies of the bill and
- 7 the title as directed by the chief clerk.
- 8 Rule 28
- 9 Joint and Nullification Resolutions
- Joint resolutions shall be framed and treated as
  ll bills.
- 12 A "nullification resolution" is a joint resolution
- 13 which nullifies all of an administrative rule, or
- 14 a severable item of an administrative rule adopted
- 15 pursuant to chapter 17A of the Code. A nullification
- 16 resolution shall not amend an administrative rule by
- 17 adding language or by inserting new language in lieu of
- 18 existing language.
- 19 A nullification resolution may be introduced by an
- 20 individual, a standing committee or the administrative
- 21 rules review committee, and may be referred to a
- 22 standing committee. A nullification resolution is
- 23 debatable, but cannot be amended on the floor of the
- 24 house.
- 25 Rule 29
- 26 Time of Introduction of Bills
- 27 No bill or joint resolution under individual
- 28 sponsorship, other than a nullification resolution,
- 29 shall be read for the first time after 4:30 p.m. on
- 30 Friday of the fifth week of the first regular session

- 1 of the general assembly unless a formal request for
- 2 drafting the bill has been filed with the legislative
- 3 services agency before that time.
- 4 After adjournment of the first regular session,
- 5 bills may be prefiled at any time before the convening
- 6 of the second regular session. No bill or joint
- 7 resolution under individual sponsorship, other than a
- 8 nullification resolution, shall be read for the first
- 9 time after 4:30 p.m. on Friday of the second week of
- 10 the second regular session of the general assembly
- ll unless a formal request for drafting the bill has been
- 12 filed with the legislative services agency before that
- 13 time.
- 14 However, bills or joint resolutions sponsored
- 15 by standing committees or the administrative rules
- 16 review committee, co-sponsored by the majority and
- 17 minority floor leaders, or companion bills sponsored
- 18 by the house majority leader and the senate majority
- 19 leader may be drafted and introduced at any time
- 20 permissible under Joint Rule 20. House, concurrent,
- 21 and nullification resolutions may be introduced at any
- 22 time.
- 23 Rule 30
- 24 Introduction and Reading of Bills
- 25 All bills and resolutions to be introduced in the
- 26 house shall be prepared in proper form and filed
- 27 with the chief clerk no later than 4:30 p.m. on the
- 28 legislative day preceding its introduction.
- 29 Every bill shall receive two readings but no bill
- 30 shall receive its first and last readings on the same

1 day.

- 2 A "reading of a bill" as required by these rules
- 3 shall consist of a reading of the title and enacting
- 4 clause.
- 5 Rule 31
- 6 First Reading, Commitment, and Amendment
- 7 l. A bill is introduced into the house by an
- 8 initial or "first reading of the bill".
- 9 2. When the house is in session the first reading
- 10 shall consist of a "reading" as provided in Rule 30.
- 11 3. Upon a first reading of the bill, the speaker
- 12 shall state that it is ready for commitment or
- 13 amendment; and the speaker shall commit it to the
- 14 standing or select committee, or to a committee of the
- 15 whole house. If to a committee of the whole house, the
- 16 house shall determine on what day.
- 17 4. On a nonlegislative day the speaker may cause a
- 18 statement, which shall consist of the title, enacting
- 19 clause, bill number and committee to which the bill
- 20 is referred, to be published in the house journal.
- 21 This publication shall constitute a first reading and
- 22 commitment and shall contain the notation "read and
- 23 committed under Rule 31".
- 24 5. All amendments offered to bills and resolutions
- 25 shall be accompanied by such copies as the chief clerk
- 26 shall direct.
- 27 6. Such amendments shall give the number of
- 28 the bill sought to amend and the chief clerk shall
- 29 designate each such amendment thus: Amendment to
- 30 House File \_\_\_\_\_, or Senate File \_\_\_\_\_, by

1 \_\_\_\_\_\_.

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7. A bill reported out by committee shall go to the
 3 speaker who shall direct that the bill be placed on the
 4 regular calendar unless it covers subject matter more
 5 properly within the jurisdiction of some other standing
 6 committee, in which case the speaker may refer the bill
7 to the proper standing committee. In order to expedite
8 important business and set a definite time for the
9 bill's consideration, the speaker may direct the bill
10 to be placed on the special order calendar.
      8. No amendment to the rules of the house, to any
12 resolution or bill, except technical amendments and
13 amendments to bills substituted for by senate files
14 containing substantially identical title, language,
15 subject matter, purpose and intrasectional arrangement,
16 shall be considered by the membership of the house
17 without a copy of the amendment having been filed with
18 the chief clerk by 4:00 p.m. or within one-half hour of
19 adjournment, whichever is later, on the day preceding
20 floor debate on the amendment. If the house adjourns
21 prior to 2:00 p.m. on Friday, the final deadline is two
22 hours after adjournment. However, committee amendments
23 filed pursuant to the submission of the committee
24 report may be accepted after this deadline.
25 provision shall not apply to any proposal debated on
26 the floor of the house after the thirteenth week of
27 the first session and the twelfth week of the second
28 session. No amendment or amendment to an amendment
29 to a bill, rule of the house, or resolution shall be
30 considered by the membership of the house without
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1 a copy of the amendment being on the desks of the
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- 2 entire membership of the house prior to consideration.
- 3 However, the membership of the house may consider an
- 4 amendment or an amendment to an amendment to a bill,
- 5 rule of the house, or resolution without a copy of the
- 6 amendment being on the desks of the entire membership
- 7 of the house prior to consideration if a copy of the
- 8 amendment is made available to the entire membership of
- 9 the house electronically.
- 10 Rule 32
- 11 Commitment of Appropriation and Revenue Bills
- 12 All Except for bills assigned to the Education
- 13 Reform Committee during the 2023 regular session of
- 14 the General Assembly and any special session taking
- 15 place prior to the 2024 regular session of the General
- 16 Assembly, all bills to appropriate money shall be
- 17 referred to the appropriations committee, and all bills
- 18 pertaining to the levy, assessment, or collection of
- 19 taxes or fees shall be referred to the committee on
- 20 ways and means.
- 21 Rule 33
- 22 Regular Calendar
- 23 Bills, nullification resolutions, and joint
- 24 resolutions reported out for passage, amendment and
- 25 passage, or without recommendation by a committee,
- 26 or passed on file shall be arranged on a regular
- 27 calendar by the chief clerk each day and electronically
- 28 distributed to the members at the opening of each
- 29 legislative day. The regular calendar shall include
- 30 a list of bills, nullification resolutions, and joint

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1 resolutions which have been special ordered, including
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- 2 the date upon which debate is scheduled to begin on
- 3 each of them, which shall be no sooner than three
- 4 session days from the first date of publication on the
- 5 regular calendar.
- 6 Rule 34
- 7 Daily Debate Calendar
- 8 The majority floor leadership shall cause to be
- 9 prepared and electronically distributed to the members
- 10 at the opening of each legislative day when floor
- 11 action is scheduled, a daily debate calendar consisting
- 12 of bills, nullification resolutions, and joint
- 13 resolutions from the regular calendar setting forth the
- 14 number and title of bills, nullification resolutions,
- 15 and joint resolutions for the next legislative day that
- 16 floor action is scheduled.
- 17 This rule does not apply to bills which have passed
- 18 both houses in different forms, reconsiderations, or
- 19 veto reconsiderations.
- 20 Rule 35
- 21 Substitution of Bills
- 22 A senate bill or resolution may be substituted
- 23 for an identical house bill or resolution which has
- 24 been called up for debate. An amendment to a senate
- 25 bill or resolution which has been substituted for an
- 26 identical house bill or resolution is out of order if
- 27 an identical amendment to the house bill or resolution
- 28 was considered.
- 29 If a bill is moved to unfinished business and a
- 30 similar senate bill is also on the calendar, both bills

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1 shall be moved to unfinished business.
                           Rule 36
 3
            Consideration of Committee Amendments
      After a bill has been referred and reported back,
 5 it shall be considered on its first reading after the
 6 amendments of the committee have been read.
                           Rule 37
 8
              Amendments to Special Order Bills
9
      All amendments to bills which have been special
10 ordered shall be filed at least three session days
11 prior to the date set for debate. Amendments to an
12 amendment shall be filed at least two session days
13 prior to the date set for debate. However, corrective
14 amendments and amendments sponsored by either the
15 majority floor leader or the minority floor leader may
16 be filed at any time. Rule 31, subsection 8, shall not
17 apply to these amendments.
18
      A corrective amendment is an amendment which does
19 not substantively change the amendment or the bill.
20
                           Rule 38
21
                      Germane Amendments
22
      An amendment must be germane to the subject matter
23 of the bill it seeks to amend. An amendment to an
24 amendment must be germane to both the amendment and the
25 bill it seeks to amend. When a member objects to an
26 amendment on grounds that the amendment is not germane,
27 the speaker may invite members, who shall include the
28 majority and minority leaders, to the speaker's station
29 to discuss the objection.
30
                           Rule 39
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Τ	Consideration of Bills
2	Bills, including committee bills, joint resolutions,
3	and nullification resolutions, reported out for
4	passage, for amendment and passage, or without
5	recommendation by the committee, are first eligible to
6	be acted upon beginning the third legislative day they
7	appear on the regular calendar.
8	Committee reports shall be printed in the journal
9	immediately after they are filed with the chief clerk.
10	Reports recommending bills, joint resolutions, and
11	nullification resolutions for passage, for amendment
12	and passage, or without recommendation shall stand
13	approved unless written objections are filed during
14	the first legislative day following their printing in
15	the journal. If objections are filed, they shall be
16	disposed of as soon as possible.
17	Rule 40
18	Consideration of Bills Upon Last Reading
19	No amendment, unless by way of correcting an error
20	or omission, shall be received to any bill on its last
21	reading, and no debate shall be allowed on it.
22	Rule 41
23	Printing of Bills and Joint Resolutions
24	Bills and joint resolutions shall be printed in form
25	as provided by law and by rule. Each house may direct
26	the printing of an additional number of its own bills.
27	Legalizing bills of a local or private nature shall
28	be printed in bill form and placed in the files of the
29	members, the same as other bills, in the order of their
30	introduction. The cost of printing shall be deposited

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1 with the treasurer of state in advance at a rate to be
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- 2 fixed, and the newspaper publication of the bill shall
- 3 be without cost to the state. No legalizing act may
- 4 be introduced until all provisions of law have been
- 5 complied with.
- Rule 42
- 7 Certification and Engrossment of Bills
- 8 The chief clerk shall certify the passage of each
- 9 bill and note the date of its passage.
- 10 In engrossing a bill, the chief clerk shall
- 11 correct all obvious typographical, spelling, or other
- 12 clerical errors and change section subunit numbers
- 13 and letters and internal references as required to
- 14 conform the original bill to any amendments which have
- 15 been adopted. The chief clerk shall report all such
- 16 corrections or changes in the journal. The engrossed
- 17 bill shall be placed in the bill file with the original
- 18 bill and amendments.
- 19 Rule 43
- 20 Rereferral
- 21 A bill may be rereferred by the speaker or, upon
- 22 motion, by the house at any time before its passage and
- 23 after the report of its referral to committee.
- 24 Rule 44
- 25 Effect of Indefinite Postponement
- When a question is indefinitely postponed, it shall
- 27 not be acted upon again during that session.
- 28 Rule 45
- 29 Status of Bills Following First Regular Session
- 30 Except for those bills which have been adopted

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1 by both houses in different forms, all bills which
 2 have not been withdrawn, defeated, or indefinitely
 3 postponed, shall be rereferred to committee upon
 4 adjournment of the first regular session.
             DIVISION V - COMMITTEE PROCEDURES
 6
                           Rule 46
 7
                  Appointment of Committees
 8
      All committees shall be appointed by the speaker,
9 unless otherwise especially directed by the house.
10 Minority party members of a committee shall be
11 appointed by the speaker upon recommendation of the
12 minority leader.
13
                           Rule 47
14
                           Reserved
15
                           Rule 48
16
                         Study Bills
17
      A study bill is any matter which a chairperson of
18 a standing committee wishes to have considered by the
19 standing committee of which the member is the chair,
20 other than appropriations, without being introduced
21 in the house by a first reading. A study bill shall
22 be prepared in proper form by the legislative services
23 agency prior to submission.
      Upon taking possession of a study bill, the
24
25 committee chair shall notify the speaker and then
26 submit four copies of the bill to the legal counsel's
27 office for numbering.
      A study bill shall bear the name of the committee
29 chair. A study bill submitted by a state agency or
30 board for consideration shall bear the name of the
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tm/jh

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1 state agency or board.
                           Rule 49
 3
                      Committee Meetings
 4
      No committee, except a conference committee or the
 5 administrative rules review committee, shall meet
 6 while the house is in session without special leave.
7 Committees with overlapping memberships shall not meet
8 at the same time without special leave.
9
                           Rule 50
10
                      Smoking Prohibited
11
      Smoking shall not be permitted in the house or in
12 any area of the capitol building.
13
                           Rule 51
14
                 Assignments to Subcommittee
15
      The chair of the committee shall report to the house
16 the bill number of each bill assigned to subcommittee
17 and the names of the subcommittee members.
                                               The report
18 shall be printed in the journal.
      All bills, prior to consideration by the committee,
20 shall be referred by the chair to a subcommittee,
21 unless acted upon by a committee of the whole.
22
      The chair may assign bills to subcommittees without
23 a meeting of the committee, but the membership of the
24 subcommittee so appointed shall be reported to the
25 committee by the chair.
26
                           Rule 52
27
                        Open Meetings
      Standing committee meetings shall be open, and
28
29 voting by secret ballot is prohibited. The committee
30 on administration and rules may close its meetings to
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- 1 evaluate the professional competency of an individual.
- Rule 53
- 3 Quorum and Vote Requirements
- 4 The committee roll shall be taken at the convening
- 5 of each meeting to determine the presence of a quorum.
- 6 A majority of the committee membership shall constitute
- 7 a quorum.
- 8 An affirmative vote of a majority of the committee
- 9 membership is required to report a bill out of
- 10 committee or to suspend a committee rule.
- A motion to reconsider may be made only by a
- 12 committee member who voted on the prevailing side of
- 13 the question sought to be reconsidered. A motion to
- 14 reconsider may only be made prior to the adjournment of
- 15 the committee meeting at which the bill was reported
- 16 out.
- 17 If a member, who is in the committee room when a
- 18 question to report a bill out of committee is put, has
- 19 not asked to be excused prior to commencing to take
- 20 the vote on the question, the member shall vote aye
- 21 or nay unless the committee has excused the member for
- 22 special reasons. However, a member may pass on the
- 23 first taking of the roll call on the question but shall
- 24 vote aye or nay when the member's name is called for a
- 25 second time.
- 26 Rule 54
- 27 Committee Attendance Record and Report of Committee
- 28 Form
- 29 l. A committee attendance record shall be filed
- 30 with the chief clerk no later than 10:00 a.m. or two

- 1 hours after the house convenes, whichever is later,
- 2 of the legislative day immediately following the day
- 3 of the committee meeting. The committee attendance
- 4 record is a public record and may be published in the
- 5 journal. The committee attendance record shall include
- 6 the following information:
- 7 a. The time the meeting convened.
- 8 b. The members present at the meeting.
- 9 c. The time the meeting adjourned.
- 10 d. A list of bills receiving final committee
- ll disposition.
- 12 2. A report of committee form shall be filed with
- 13 the chief clerk no later than 10:00 a.m. or two hours
- 14 after the house convenes, whichever is later, of the
- 15 legislative day immediately following the day of the
- 16 committee meeting for each study bill, numbered bill
- 17 or resolution receiving final committee disposition.
- 18 The report of committee form is a public record and
- 19 a report of committee action shall be printed in the
- 20 journal. The report of committee form shall include
- 21 the following information:
- 22 a. The committee action taken.
- 23 b. The committee amendment number, if any.
- 24 c. The roll call vote of the committee on final
- 25 disposition.
- 26 d. The minority recommendation, if any.
- 27 3. Upon final adjournment of the first session
- 28 and final adjournment of the second session of the
- 29 general assembly, the chair of each committee shall
- 30 have placed the committee's book of record containing

- 1 minutes, record roll calls on final disposition, record
- 2 roll call votes on any amendments considered, rules,
- 3 etc., with the chief clerk for access of any interested
- 4 person.
- 5 Rule 55
- 6 Minority Recommendation
- 7 The minority of the members of a committee may
- 8 present its recommendations on the final disposition
- 9 of a bill to the house by attaching its recommendation
- 10 to the committee report. The minority recommendation
- 11 shall be noted in the journal along with the committee
- 12 report.
- 13 Rule 56
- 14 Committee Amendment
- 15 Whenever a committee amendment is proposed which
- 16 would amend another committee amendment, the amendment
- 17 shall be drafted in the form of a substitute amendment
- 18 and shall be considered as such.
- 19 Rule 57
- 20 Committee Notice and Agenda
- 21 Each committee shall prepare and publish a notice
- 22 and agenda of each committee meeting at least one
- 23 legislative day prior to the meeting. The notice and
- 24 agenda may be placed on the desks of or transmitted
- 25 electronically to committee members.
- 26 The notice shall contain the committee name, the
- 27 date, time, and location of the meeting.
- 28 The agenda shall contain the matters to be
- 29 discussed, including a list of bills, joint
- 30 resolutions, nullification resolutions, and study

- 1 bills by number. The agenda should contain the names
- 2 of individuals who are scheduled to appear before the
- 3 committee and the organization which they represent.
- 4 A bill, joint resolution, nullification resolution,
- 5 or study bill shall not be reported out of committee if
- 6 the bill was not included in the published notice and
- 7 agenda unless this rule is suspended by a majority of
- 8 the total membership of the committee.
- 9 A committee chair may call a meeting without
- 10 providing the required notice and agenda upon leave
- 11 of the house if a notice is either electronically
- 12 transmitted to committee members or placed on the desks
- 13 of committee members.
- 14 Rule 58
- 15 Clearing of Committee Room
- 16 The chair of a committee may clear the committee
- 17 room in case of any disturbance or disorderly conduct.
- 18 Rule 58A
- 19 Use of Telephonic or Electronic Devices in Committee
- 20 Rooms Restricted
- 21 1. In any committee room while a standing committee
- 22 is in session:
- 23 a. A person shall mute any cell phone, computer, or
- 24 other electronic device under the person's control.
- 25 b. A person shall not use a cell phone or other
- 26 electronic device to audibly transmit or receive
- 27 communications.
- 28 2. The chair or acting chair of a standing
- 29 committee may clear the committee room of any person
- 30 acting in violation of this rule.

1	Rule 59
2	Committee Amendments
3	All amendments to a bill or resolution adopted in
4	committee shall be incorporated in a single committee
5	amendment or incorporated in a new committee bill.
6	Rule 60
7	Withdrawal of Bills, Joint Resolutions, or
8	Nullification Resolutions From Committee
9	A bill, joint resolution, or nullification
10	resolution which has been in committee for eighteen
11	legislative days following notation of such referral
12	in the journal may be withdrawn from the committee and
13	placed on the calendar by an affirmative vote of not
14	less than fifty-one members of the house.
15	Rule 61
16	Committee Public Hearings
17	The chair of a committee may call a public hearing
18	for the purpose of receiving public comment on any
19	matter within the purview of the committee.
20	The chair shall call a public hearing upon the
21	written request of committee members according to
22	committee rules, but no more than one-third of the
23	committee members shall be required.
24	A public hearing shall not be called or requested
25	after final action on the bill, joint resolution,
26	or nullification resolution has been taken by the
27	committee. However, a public hearing called or
28	requested before final action has been taken by the
29	committee may be held after final action on the bill,
3 N	joint resolution, or pullification resolution has been

- 1 taken by the committee.
- 2 The chair shall designate the day for a public
- 3 hearing and provide public notice at least four days
- 4 prior to a public hearing. A public hearing shall take
- 5 place in room 103 of the capitol building and shall
- 6 begin at 5:00 p.m. A speaker shall not speak for more
- 7 than two minutes. As is possible, speakers shall be
- 8 alternated between speakers speaking in favor of the
- 9 matter and speakers opposed to the matter.
- 10 A bill, joint resolution, or nullification
- 11 resolution for which a public hearing has been called
- 12 can be voted to the calendar but cannot be debated
- 13 until after the public hearing has been held. If a
- 14 bill, joint resolution, or nullification resolution
- 15 for which a public hearing has been called is not
- 16 debated by the house during the session in which it
- 17 is introduced, the request for the public hearing is
- 18 deemed to have lapsed upon adjournment sine die of that
- 19 session.
- 20 However, public hearings which have been requested
- 21 during or after the 9th week of the first session and
- 22 during or after the 7th week of the second session must
- 23 be held within four legislative days of the date of the
- 24 request.
- 25 Rule 62
- 26 Limitation on Filing of Claims
- 27 All claims shall be referred to the appropriations
- 28 committee. A claim referred to the appropriations
- 29 committee in a prior session of the general assembly
- 30 shall not be considered by the appropriations

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1 committee or by the house unless it has been
 2 specifically referred to this session by a vote of the
 3 appropriations committee. The appropriations committee
 4 is authorized to set a definite date each session after
 5 which it will not receive claims or claim bills for
 6 consideration.
            DIVISION VI - COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE
 8
                           Rule 63
9
           Organization of Committee of the Whole
10
      In forming the committee of the whole house, the
11 speaker shall appoint a member to preside in committee
12 and then leave the chair.
13
                           Rule 64
14
               Rules in Committee of the Whole
      The rules of the house shall be observed in
15
16 committee of the whole house, so far as they are
17 applicable.
18
                           Rule 65
               Bills in Committee of the Whole
19
20
      Bills committed to the committee of the whole house
21 shall first be debated by section. After the report
22 of the committee of the whole, the bill shall again be
23 subject to debate and amendment before a vote is had on
24 its last reading and passage.
25
                           Rule 66
26
             Amendments by Committee of the Whole
27
      All amendments made to a report committed to a
28 committee of the whole house shall be noted and
29 reported as in the case of bills.
30
                   DIVISION VII - MOTIONS
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1		Rule	67
2	0	 D	

- 2 Order and Precedence of Motions
- 3 The following order of motions, listed in order
- 4 of precedence, shall govern when a question is under
- 5 debate:
- 6 1. Adjourn.
- 7 2. Recess.
- 8 3. Questions of privilege.
- 9 4. Lay on the table.
- 10 5. Previous question.
- 11 6. Limit debate.
- 7. Postpone definitely or to a certain time.
- 13 8. Refer or rerefer.
- 14 9. Defer.
- 15 10. Amend an amendment.
- 16 11. Amend.
- 17 l2. Postpone indefinitely.
- 18 A motion to postpone definitely or to a certain
- 19 time, to refer or commit, or to postpone indefinitely a
- 20 particular question shall not be considered more than
- 21 once on the same day.
- 22 Adoption of a motion to strike the enacting words is
- 23 equivalent to rejection of the question.
- 24 Rule 68
- 25 Order of Consideration of Amendments
- 26 Amendments shall be considered by earliest position
- 27 in the bill. Amendments to the same place in the bill
- 28 shall be considered by the lowest amendment number. An
- 29 amendment which inserts language after a line and an
- 30 amendment which inserts language before the succeeding

- 1 line shall be considered amendments to the same place
- 2 in the bill.
- 3 However, an amendment to strike the enacting clause
- 4 shall always be considered first. An amendment filed
- 5 by a committee shall have the next highest order of
- 6 priority, followed by an amendment to strike everything
- 7 after the enacting clause and insert new language. An
- 8 amendment to strike language or to strike and insert
- 9 new language, except an amendment to strike everything
- 10 after the enacting clause and insert new language,
- 11 shall not be considered before amendments to perfect
- 12 all or part of the same portion of the bill.
- 13 Rule 69
- 14 Motions Not Debatable
- 15 The following motions are not debatable:
- 16 l. Adjourn.
- 17 2. Adjourn to a certain time.
- 18 3. Suspend house rules.
- 19 4. Previous question.
- 20 5. Close debate at a certain time.
- 21 6. Recess.
- 22 7. Defer.
- 23 8. Refer or rerefer.
- 24 9. Lay on the table.
- 25 10. Take from the table.
- 26 ll. Call of the house.
- 27 12. Withdraw a bill or resolution from committee.
- 28 13. Appeal a decision of the chair.
- 29 14. Immediately message a bill or resolution.
- 30 Rule 69A

Constitutional Majority

1

2	1. The following motions require a constitutional
3	majority for approval:
4	a. Final passage of a bill, joint resolution, or
5	nullification resolution.
6	b. Lay on the table.
7	c. Take from the table.
8	d. Suspend house rules.
9	e. Previous question.
10	f. Withdraw a bill or resolution from committee.
11	g. Reconsider a bill, joint resolution, or
12	nullification resolution.
13	h. Immediately message a bill or resolution.
14	2. A division must be taken on any motion which
15	requires a constitutional majority.
16	Rule 70
17	Motion to Adjourn
18	A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, except
19	when a member is speaking or the house is voting.
20	Rule 71
21	Withdrawal of Motions
22	After a motion is stated by the speaker or read by
23	the chief clerk, it shall be deemed to be in possession
24	of the house, but may be withdrawn by leave of the
25	house.
26	Rule 72
27	Unanimous Consent
28	Unanimous consent of the members may be asked for
29	suspension of any rule of the house. If there is no

30 objection to the request, the rule shall be considered

1 suspended.

2 Rule 73

- 3 Reconsideration
- 4 l. A motion to reconsider may be made only by a
- 5 member who voted on the prevailing side of the question
- 6 sought to be reconsidered.
- A motion to reconsider may be made not later
- 8 than adjournment on the legislative day following
- 9 the legislative day of the action sought to be
- 10 reconsidered. Where the floor manager voted on
- 11 the prevailing side, the floor manager has the
- 12 prior right to make the motion, until adjournment
- 13 on the legislative day of the action sought to be
- 14 reconsidered. A motion to reconsider a nullification
- 15 resolution shall be acted upon not later than
- 16 adjournment on the legislative day following
- 17 the legislative day of the action sought to be
- 18 reconsidered.
- 19 3. A motion to reconsider made beginning the
- 20 fifteenth week of the first regular session, or the
- 21 thirteenth week of the second regular session, may be
- 22 taken up when made. A motion made at any other time
- 23 may be taken up prior to the third legislative day
- 24 succeeding the legislative day of the action sought
- 25 to be reconsidered only if called up by the mover,
- 26 and after the second legislative day succeeding the
- 27 legislative day of the action sought to be reconsidered
- 28 if called up by any member.
- 29 4. The making of a motion to reconsider takes
- 30 precedence over all other questions.

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5. When passage, adoption, or failure of any bill,
 2 joint resolution, or nullification resolution is
 3 reconsidered, questions on amendments may also be
 4 reconsidered and shall be disposed of immediately.
          In the event that a motion to reconsider
 6 is pending at the end of the first session or any
7 extraordinary session of any general assembly, or the
8 general assembly adjourns sine die, and the motion to
9 reconsider has not been voted upon by the house, the
10 motion shall be determined to have failed.
                   DIVISION VIII - VOTING
11
12
                           Rule 74
13
                      Manner of Voting
14
      Members present may cast their votes, either by
15 operating the voting mechanism located at their
16 assigned desk or by signaling the speaker from the
17 floor of the house or from the south visitors' gallery
18 if they are unable to vote at their assigned desk.
19 Only a member may operate the voting mechanism at that
20 member's assigned desk. The speaker shall announce the
21 votes of members signaling their votes. Upon direction
22 of the speaker only those members at their desks and
23 voting shall be counted. Members who are not present
24 shall not cast their votes except:
      1. Members who have not voted may record their
26 votes on any record roll call vote except quorum calls
27 within twenty ten minutes after the outcome of the
28 vote has been announced during the first session of the
29 eighty-ninth general assembly and within ten minutes
30 after the outcome of the vote has been announced
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- 1 during the second session of the eighty-ninth general
  2 assembly. Members shall initial their recorded votes
- 3 on a copy of the record roll call at the speaker's
- 4 station. However, if the aggregate of votes cast
- 5 under this rule would change the outcome of the vote
- 6 on a question, then none of the votes cast on the
- 7 question under this rule shall be recorded. A member
- 8 may request announcement of the names of members so
- 9 recorded after the twenty-minute period or ten-minute
- 10 period, as applicable.
- 11 2. Members meeting in a conference committee
- 12 or in administrative rules review committee at the
- 13 time a vote is taken on a question may have their
- 14 vote recorded within thirty minutes or adjournment,
- 15 whichever is first, of that same legislative day,
- 16 provided the aggregate of votes cast does not change
- 17 the outcome of the vote on a question.
- 18 Rule 75
- 19 Voting in the House and Duty of Voting
- Voting on a question put to members on the floor of
- 21 the house shall not occur between midnight and 8 a.m.
- 22 on any legislative day except for voting on a motion to
- 23 recess, defer, or adjourn. Except as limited in Rule
- 24 76, every member who is in the house when a question is
- 25 put shall vote unless the house has excused that member
- 26 from voting for special reasons; however, such member
- 27 must have asked to be excused from voting prior to the
- 28 time the speaker puts the question.
- 29 Rule 76
- 30 Limitation on Right to Vote

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No member shall vote on any question in which
 2 the member or the member's immediate family member,
 3 as defined in chapter 68B of the Code, has a direct
 4 financial interest different from other similarly
 5 situated persons or classes of persons of the general
 6 public.
7
                           Rule 77
 8
                      Call of the House
      Upon written request of five members, the presiding
10 officer shall compel attendance of absent and unexcused
11 members for the consideration of specified bills,
12 resolutions, or amendments.
     A call of the house shall specify the propositions
13
14 to which it is to apply and must be put into effect
15 before roll call is taken on the proposition.
16 request may be filed with the chief clerk at any time
17 before final action upon the propositions, who shall
18 notify the house immediately.
19
                           Rule 78
                 Method of Calling the House
20
21
      Upon a call of the house, the names of the members
22 shall be called by the chief clerk and the absentees
23 noted, after which the names of the absentees shall
24 again be called. The sergeant-at-arms shall be
25 directed by the speaker to compel the attendance of
26 absent members, unless they are previously excused.
27 Any member occupying the member's seat during a call
28 of the house shall be counted by the speaker and that
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29 person's name entered in the journal as being present

30 for the purpose of making a quorum.

Τ	Rule /9
2	Method of Calling the Roll
3	The electrical voting machine shall be used for a
4	call of the house, a quorum call or a roll call vote
5	on any question. If the electrical voting machine is
6	not in operating order when it is necessary to take
7	a record roll call vote, the presiding officer shall
8	order the vote to be taken by calling the roll in
9	alphabetical order, except the name of the presiding
10	officer shall be called last.
11	During the casting of the vote with the voting
12	machine, the individual votes and the vote totals shall
13	be shown on the display boards. Before the voting
<b>L4</b>	machine is closed, the presiding officer shall inquire
15	of the house, "Have you all voted?"
16	Rule 80
17	Quorum and Record Roll Call Votes
18	A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum.
19	A record roll call vote shall be ordered upon
20	request of any two members. The names of the members
21	requesting the record roll call shall be entered in the
22	journal.
23	Rule 81
24	Previous Question
25	When a member moves for the previous question, the
26	member shall state whether the motion will apply to the
27	main question, to all the amendments, or to particular
	amendments. The motion requires an affirmative vote of
	at least a constitutional majority of the members. If
30	the motion for a previous question is not adopted, the

- 1 house shall proceed in the same manner as before the 2 motion was made.
- 3 If the motion is adopted, all debate must end and 4 the house will vote upon the question except:
- 5 l. If the motion applies to the main question, the
- 6 member in charge of the measure will have ten minutes
- 7 to speak for the purpose of closing discussion before
- 8 the vote on the measure is taken.
- 9 2. If the motion applies to an amendment, the
- 10 member proposing the amendment will have five minutes
- 11 to speak for the purpose of closing discussion before
- 12 the vote on the amendment is taken.
- 3. If a member has filed a written request with
- 14 the chief clerk of the house indicating the member's
- 15 desire to speak on a particular question. The request
- 16 must be filed before the motion is made by the movant.
- 17 The request allows a member to speak on a particular
- 18 question before the closing discussion by the member
- 19 who is in charge of the measure or who is proposing the
- 20 amendment.
- 21 Rule 82
- 22 Division of the Question
- 23 Any member may call for a division of the question,
- 24 which shall be divided if it comprehends questions so
- 25 distinct that one being taken away, the remainder may
- 26 stand separately for discussion by the house. Upon
- 27 request to divide an amendment, the chief clerk shall
- 28 restate the division and note the divided amendment in
- 29 the house journal. An amendment to strike out being
- 30 lost shall not preclude an amendment to strike out and

- 1 insert. An amendment to strike out and insert shall be
- 2 deemed indivisible.